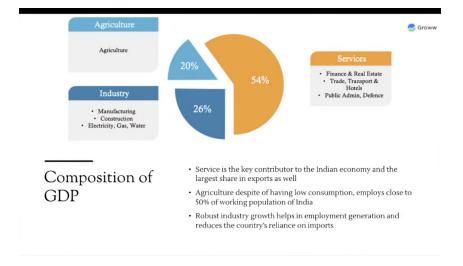
Key indicator on the basis of which market perform

(1) Inflation / monetary policy

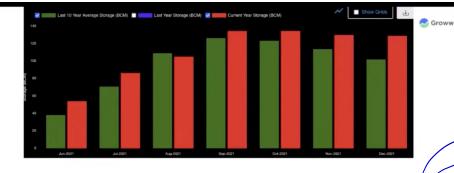
Policy

IV) external Accounts & global factor

=> we are a service => based economy. & agriculture helps 15% of the population to earn money & spend on economy. therefore it's a big factor.



> monsoon patterns
> Rabi crop sowing
> water level



Economic growth: Agriculture · Monsoon and sowing pattern

- Monsoon meets the target: In the year 2021 99% of Long Period Average (LPA)
- Rabi crop sowing: 200 Lakh hectares covered compared to 193 lakh hectares during last year
- Water Level in Reservoir: Higher compared to last 10 years average

ttp: they publish data Tevery month & in

orderto compre you can compere with

previous month with current month or

last year this month

to current year this months.

Economic Growth: Industry

Index of Industrial Production (IIP)

- · Reflects overall growth in Manufacturing, Mining and electricity
- Showed robust growth post lock-down. Posted 20%+ growth in May-Jun-July and subsequently normalized to 4% estimated growth in Dec-21

Purchase Managers Index (PMI)

- Number above 50 is considered to be good
- · During the month of Nov-21 the manufacturing PMI was 57.6 compared to 55.9 in October

However in festive! it's usually high.

PMI: How much consumption is happening in the economy

-> exports "

Growth: World Economic outlook · India is expected to lead the pack with fastest growing economy tag. Expected $\hat{\text{to}}$ grow at 8.5% for

· Overall global growth should help our exports



Source: IMF world economic outlook Oct-21

compre this with other

big economy

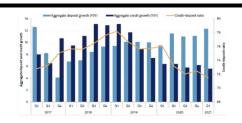
inflation / money tony policy o

RBT can cantrol demand side inflation but not Supply side inflation.

CRR, SLR, REPO, RE-REPO

, MSF, OMOS

indicator however indicator however on 7 endit without on 7 base is bad.



Bank credit growth

- Higher the lending by banks, higher the economic
- For the month of Nov-21 the credit off-take rose to

Composition of Current Account

Balance of Payment		
Inflow	Outflow	
Exports (Goods and Services)	Imports (Goods and Services)	
Interest & Dividend received	Interest & Dividend paid	
FPIs	Domestic investments	
Travel and education	Travel and eduation	
Inward remittances	Outward remittances	
FDIs		
External borrowings		

emud oil

- Volatile crude oil prices would have impact on the currency valuation and inflation
- For country like India CAD 1-3% is acceptable

O quantitelive easing

(interest nates of others central

1) Printing new money has a direct impact on economy.

	Parameter	
Economic Growth		
1	GDP	
2	Agri: Monsoon & Sowing Pattern	
3	Industry: PMI & IIP	
4	Service: Service PMI & Domestic Air Passenger Traffic	
5	High Frequncy Indicators	
Inflatio	n and Monetary Policy	
1	CPI	
2	Monetary Policy rates	
3	Credit Off-take	
Fiscal P	olicy	
1	Expansionary / Contractionary Policy	
2	Tax collection	
Global I	Factors	
1	Crude oil	
2	Current Account Deficit	
3	Liquidity: QE and Global Interest Rates	